## MUSICAL AND THEATRICAL.

The genta'l character of the weather has given an im tus to theat; ical business. Those who live at a dis nce from the different places of amusement are en raged by the mildress of the evenings to venture out the managers are consequently benefitted. From shments are likely to be well patronized.

At Wallack's, Bourcicault's brilliant comedy, " Ol Heads and Young Hearts," was produced last week with great edut. To-night Morton's capital comedy. " Secret To-morrow " The Love Chase" will be repeated; on Wed nesday, " Old Heads and Young Hearts;" on Friday, 'The Rivals," and on Saturday, " The School for Sc al." The piece for Thursday is not, as yet, fixed.

Out at Louisville a couple of years since, but with-drawn on account of the local excitement that it treated, will be produced at the Winter Garden to-night. It is founded on the celebrated Beaucham; tragedy which occurred in Frankfort, Kentucky, in the year 1825. For the information of those who may not recollect that event, it may be as well to state that on Sharpe a prominent lawyer, and at one time At forney General of the State, was murdered under circumstances of peculiar atrocity. He was roused from his bed by some one knocking at his door, and he was then seized by the assassin, who after some words stab-bed him to the heart, almost in sight of his wife, who rushed to his side but too late to hear a syllable from him tances of peculiar atrocity. He was roused from or to learn in any way who was his murderer. A youn Tawyer named Beauchamp was arrested on suspicion of the crime, and in a confession made by him after the trial It came out that his wife, formerly a Miss Cooke, of Bowling Green, one of the late rebel strong-holds of Kentucky, had previous to her marriage to him, been seduced by Sharpe, and that the murder had been instigated by a long formed determination of both to be revenged on him. Both Beauchamp and his wife seem to have been pasent much time with him, and, in the hope of dyin together, they both took poison, which, however, proved ineffectual. They were then carefully guarded, but is spite of this they contrived, on the morning of his execu tion, to stab themselves. Beauchamp was not mortally wounded, but his wife lingered only a few hours after he which is to be submitted to the verdict of the public this male part, and Mr. Barton Hill that of the hero. Judging

day last, and have been playing to excellent houses all the week. To-night "The Rivals" will be given, with Mr. John Gilbert (first appearance these three years,) Mr Wm. Wheatley, Mr. E. L. Davenport, Mr. J. W. Wallack Taylor and Miss Mary Wells in the principal parts. The performances will conclude with "Black Eyed Susan," ar. Davenport appearing in his justly celebrated charac

At Laura Keens's theatre there is no present prospect of a change in the bills, "The Macarthy" still con-tinues sufficiently attractive to render a substitution

ment at Mary Provost's theatre on Saturday. In the round of characters that he performed there he displayed in its conceptions, it is true, and unequal in its power of expression, but still developing great future premise. Mr. Booth's engagement has not only been profitable to the management, but advan-sangeous to himself. He has had an opportunity of testing before a metropolitan audience the abilities that have won him such a reputation in the profair a success is a proof that there is the stuff in him t study the extravagances that disfigure his impersons sions, and which, we fear, have been more or less con again returns to New York he will show the has benefitted by the criticism to which has been subjected here. To-night the fair lessee makes her restree after an absence of five years, which have been spent chiefly in Great Britain, Australia were already of a very fair order. She has chosen the part of Julia, in "The Hunchback," for her debut, and will be supported by an excellent cast, composed of Mr. George Ryer, Mr. J. H. Allen, Mr. Lewis Bater and Mrs. Letty

Hough.

M. Paul Juignet announces for the next reprea pas de feu sans fumee," and "La Sœur de Iverisse, by MM. Duyet and Lauxanne. These agreeable per-formances continue to be as fashionably attended as

We regret to find that the debut of Miss Emilie Bough. ton, at the Academy of Music, is again postponed on account of continued indisposition. Singers are but mor tals, and it is better to disappoint the public by a post ent than to risk a reputation on a voice impaired

ton, on Monday last, opening with "Lucia," with Kellogg, Brignoli and Ipolito in the cast. The weather was ex-ecrable and the house was consequently not a good one. On Tuesday Madame D'Angri made her first appearance On Wednesday Masaniello was played to an excellent house The artists were to appear in a sacred concert yesterday The troups will remain in Boston the whole of this week the "Figlia di Reggimento." The holiday week, from the 13th to the 21st, will be enjoyed by the artists as a respite from their labors. A short season of Opera wil then be given between New York and Brooklyn.

tone arrived the other day in the Northern Light, and following from the Noticion of Guatemala in regard to him:—The death of the great Amodio, on his return from a tropical tour, plunged the musical world into grief of no ordinary character. Still his memory is endeared to us which gushed from his voluminous voice. But he he left behind him a brother, Francesco Amodio, with youth nat attractions and a voice clear and ringing as bell, full of pathos, and as like the Amodio as it is possi enchanting the dark eyed Spanish ladles with his voice and gathering laurels nightly. The same paper, under date of the 2d of February, adds:-The more we hear Signor Amodio, the more he charms. In the opera o 'Maria di Rohan," the enthusiastic applause of the public proves how great was his success in this opera, it which he took so difficult a part. The New York public will soon have the pleasure of judging of him for them

clever performances at the Academy of Music on Monday next. It is not generally known that there artists are amongst the very best conjuring mechanicians in this country. They may not be as skilful as Berrmann in the mere manipulation of cards, but their mechanical com inatious are quite as original and curious. One of the brothers, Jerome, has a wonderfully inventive genius and, like Robert Houdin, he has the faculty of carrying out with remarkable precision and neatness whatever new idea strikes him. Some of the dieverest nevelties in sonjuring apparatus and show tricks that have been in-troduced within late years have issued from his atelier, and these will be exhibited in the approaching perform ances some beautiful pieces of mechanism produce quite a sensation. These "Soirces Magiques" of the Lubins promise quite a treat for the juvenile folks during the Easter holidays. Mr. Collins, the Irish comedian, has engaged the Brook-

tyn Athenœum for a series of vocal and other performances. He has engaged a good company, and will perform to-night, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday. Mr. J. S. Clarke has been playing a farewell engagemen of a few nights in Baltimore, previous to his departure

A match jig dance between Thomas Peel and Richard M. Carroll is to come off on Wednesday, April 18, at Mary Provost's theatre, for stakes of \$250 a side.

Heartwell & Bolton have opened the Mang

cold (Ohio) theatre. They have a good company.

A new comic opera, entitle 1 "The Doctor of Alcan tara," is in preparation at the Roston Museum. The libretto is by Mr. B. E. Wolf, and the music by Mr.

Julius Eichberg.

Forrest has concluded his engagement for Baltimore,

and is playing this week in Washington.

Mr. James Seymour, of the Continental theatre, Philadelphia, was recently attacked with a fit, in which he nflicted severe, and it was at one time thought fatal, injuries on himself. He was removed to the Blocksley Williams, who left orders that he should not want for anything, as he would bear all the expense. He also eft money to provide for his present necessities. Mr seymour is now convalescent.

Herrmann is performing this week in Chicago. Gottschalk's concerts in Cincinnati have been drawing large audiences. The papers in that city speak in en

extraordinary feat of the Flying Trapeze at the Academy of Music, have just entered upon an engagement with Mr. Maguire to appear in San Francisco. This engage ment, as we understand, is pecuniarily a very profitable one. They sail for California in the Northern Light, on the 11th of this month. Should theatricals be in as good a condition in California as they are in New York, there is every probability that they may not return until the

tre, where she appears to be a great favorite. Her character of Pip, in "The Four Stages of Life," dramatized from Dicken's nevel of "Great Expectations," is said to

be a very successful impersonation.

The great attraction of the present week is Van Amburgh's Mammoth Menagerle in Seventeenth street. The surpassed. The performing elephants are in themselves an exhibition that are well worth a visit.

Senor Arroniz's collection of sculptures, illustrative of the manners and customs of Mexico, is attracting a good deal of attention. It is to be seen at 663 Broadway, where it will remain for a short time on exhibition

The New Bowery has been doing a most excellent business during the week. To-night two new dramas in the

Barnum announces for this evening a new play en titled "Hop o' My Thumb; or, The Ogre and the Dwarf," in which the Belgian Giant and Commodore Nutt are to perform the principal parts. This is an ingenious way

will, no doubt, prove a powerful attraction. Bryant's Minstrels have now the field entirely to them-selves. The well deserved popularity of this establish-

GERMAN THEATRICALS.—At the Stadt theatre the new played to full houses all the week. A new comedy by Laube, entitled "Cato Von Erson," is in preparation, and

The law courts for the April term will be opened to-day. The calendars are still lengthy, but an effort will be made to get through many of the cases before the sum-mer vacation. There are not any new cases on the calen-

CALENDAR FOR THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Part 1.—Nos. 1567, 1333, 2007, 301, 1105, 1229, 1369, 1462, 1537, 1549, 1561, 1591, 1593, 1707, 1735, 1741, 1749, 1763, 1565, 1563. Part 2.—Nos. 1540, 1856, 1746, 1692, 1708, 1898, 600, 418, 24, 928, 128, 1162, 1386, 1436, 1478, 1432, 1496, 1534, 118, 1200

1302.
SUPERSON COURT.—Part 1.—Nes. 797, 3005, 3195, 2917, 1375, 1711, 1187, 1715, 1733, 1735, 1739, 1749, 1749, 1721, 597, 3329, 827. Part 2.—Nes. 1150, 3194, 3458, 3614, 3618, 3008, 3140, 3190, 3220, 1020, 1064, 888, 3498, 1318, 1256.

The April Session of the Common Council. as there is some "lobbying" at Albany, it is not expected by those who know the ropes that our local legislature will meet until the gentlemen at Albany adjourn.

DELMONICO'S NEW RESTAURANT IN THE FIFTH AVENUE. This magnificent establishment, formerly the residence of Moses H. Grinnell, Esq., corner of Fourteenth street and Fifth avenue, is now open to the public. Though fitted up with palatial spiendor, the decorations are in such admirable taste that the house still maintains more the appearance of a family mansion than of an establish-ment intended for its present purposes. The public dining room is Mr. Grinnell's old library, considerably enlarged and embellished. The doors and pannellings of the walls are in black walnut, with green floss paper of a private saloons up stairs are also superbly deco-rated and furnished, gayer tints being selected for their adornment. A lofty billiard room, holding two derthis is a cafe restaurant, where any one requiring joe creams or other retreshments can be served. There is to be no bar, parties wanting wine or spirits every improvement that modern science can suggest to facilitate the culinary operations of the establishment. Commanding, as it does, a full view of the Fifth avenue in both directions, from its causeions, oriel windows and Cashionable restaurant. Conducted by a firm having so many years experience in the business, and possessing so fully the confidence of the public, it cannot fail to become a favorite resort for the beau monde of our city.

A Spring Sunday in the Central Park. The pleasant aspect of the weather yesterday induced Park between noon and sundown. The breeze was cool warmth quite agreeable. Young and old, male and fenale, wandered about through the mary walks of the amble, the shrubs of which have already been touched by the hand of the goddess of spring, and appear ready in the loy grasp of winter. The Park gardeners have been busily at work all over the grounds, and the straw packings and bough coverings that have been used to preserve tender plants from the ravages of winter have disappeared. "Dead wood" has been removed and now plants placed in the earth. Everything denotes the approach of warm weather, when the Park will become one large, varigated garden. The improvements are rapidly progressing. The terraced walk near the carriage circle, to the right of the Mail, is now in the hands of the masons, the stone, already cut, being on the ground ready to be put in its proper places. This walk, when completed, will be found very handy on the music days, as it is elevated and can be easily reached by the handsome flight of stone steps leading thereto. The prospects before us of a splendid intermural jardin des plants this summer are very good indeed. If next Sunday should prove as fine a day as yesterday, we expect to see ten persons in the Central Park in the place of every one that then visited it. preserve tender plants from the ravages of winter have

Police Intelligence. . ARREST OF A SWINDLER—A REES IN DISCUSS.—A man named R. C. Hall and his wife, claiming to be residents of Corinth, Miss., were arrested on Saturday last by order of United States Marshal Murray, charged with being rebel spics and common swindlers. It appears that they arrived in this city on the 29th ult., and called that they arrived in this city on the 29th ult., and called upon the Rev. Dr. Cheever, to whom they stated that hey were Unionists, and had fied from Corinth to escape the fury of the populace, that they had been robbed and shockingly treated by the rebels at Corinth, and were now in very destitute circumstances. Dr. [Cheever supposing their story to be true, made an arrangement by which their hotel bill was paid, and procured board and lodging for them in the house of one of the wealthest members of his congregation. On the following Sunday Hall was invited to deliver a lecture in the church, and die O. He gave a graphic and touching account of the surferings and hardships he had gene through while in the South and during his journey North. He said his wife was partially blind and insane from the effects of the barbarity of the rebels. The result of the lecture was a great deal of sympathy, and, what was probably of more consequence to Hall, twenty-six dolars in cash. He found that pay so well that he gave another lecture in the Rev. Dr. Hatfield's church, by which he realized \$25. At another church he got \$40. Things wenton swimmingly for some time, and Hall and his wife were living in clover, and would not outh that continued to do so but for the curiosity of the lady in whose house they were bearding. On Friday just this lady found some letters in their room, the contents of which led to the belief that Hall was a Southern rebel in disguise. Marshal Murray was notified and he detailed detectives Sampson and Devoe to attend to the matter. Hall and his wife were a partial exemination showed that they were imposters of the worst character. Hall had at first represented himself accommendent of the was a physician. It is understood that Mr. Edjene Thompson, broker, of Pine street, and a Sanday school toacher fit Dr. Hatfield's church, who gave Hall \$25 on the strongth of Lis representatione in the church, will upon the Rev. Dr. Cheever, to whom they stated that teacher in Dr. Hatheld's church, who gave Hall \$25 on the strength of his representations in the church, will make a complaint against him to day for swinding, and others will follow suit. The prisoners were taken be ore Justice Brennan and locked up for further examination.

Official Drawings of the Kentucky and 3, 46, 59, 22, 49, 50, 38, 10, 1, 9, 66, 6.

DELAWARE, CLASS 198—April 5, 1862.

12, 43, 40, 21, 31, 13, 29, 46, 22, 57, 42, 75, 36. JOHN A. MORRIS & CO., Wilmington, Delaware, or Covington, Kentucky

Official Drawings of Murray, Eddy of Co.'s Kentucky and Missouri State Lotteries.

Kantucky, Extra Class 161—April 5, 1862.

45, 56, 33, 13, 1, 2, 28, 4, 7, 73, 34, 22.

Kentucky, Class 162—April 5, 1862.

10, 63, 19, 49, 73, 55, 26, 61, 58, 43, 32, 8, 36

Prizes Cashed in all Legalized Lotte-les. Information given. JOSEPH BATES, Broker, 19 Vall street, up stairs, New York.

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Mrs. Winslow's Southing Syrup This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful nurses in New England, an has been used with never failing success in thousands of cases.
It not only relieves the child from pain, but savigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects activity and gives tone and vigor to the whole system.
It will almost instantly relieve griping in the bowels and overcome convulsions, which, if not appendity remedied, end wercome convulsions, which, it is no death.

It is the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of transfer yang diarrhora in children, whether it arises from ething or other causes. Sold by dealers in medicine the world over.

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or Liquid Pearl, for preserving and beautifying the on and skin. All druggists and 439 Broadway. Batchelor's Hair Dye .- The Best in th

Cristadoro's Hair Dye, Preservative and Wigs, the best in the world, wholesale and retail and the dye privately applied at No. 6 Astor House.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

SUNDAY, April 6, 1862. The importations at this port for the week end ing yesterday were again very heavy indeed, being in excess of those for the corresponding week o 1860, when the country was prosperous and every-thing looked favorable. The leading items of im-

ij	port were as ionows:-					
Ņ	Dry goods\$1	,399,062	Iron	\$74,338		
Ġ)	Earthenware	53,076	Lead	110,500		
ä	Madder	33,021	Steel	34,264		
Ž/	Opium	25,738	Tin	190,235		
9	Soda	37,861	%tno	31,488		
. 1	Furs	48,096	Segara	38,818		
Ş	Watches	34.813	Cotton	364.902		
	Hides	91.438	Cocoa	25,265		
	Gin	24,351	Coffee			
п	Cutlery	43,711	Hemp	33,899		
7	Guns	220,254	Molasses	36,772		
	Rice	60,580	Sugar			
	Tea	179 148	Turpentine	45,911		
9	Wool	65,634				

Among these items the large amounts which w are spending abroad for guns, cotton, turpentine &c., are, of course, accidental. In the course of a few weeks such articles will cease altogether to other articles of import will have to be paid for, and it is evident enough that the chief of them must be paid for in gold. The losses already incurred on shipments of breadstuffs, and the declining condition of foreign markets, are likely, at all events for a time, to check the outward novement of food. We have, happily, plenty of gold in the country which can be spared especially as the government issues of paper take the place of gold in general circulation. To what premium the inevitable demand for the precious netal for export may cause it to rise it is difficult to foresee. At present the demand is supplied by speculators who sell gold short, borrow it when their contracts mature, and calculate that the interest on their sales will yield them a handsome pose, when this system will cease to work, and when the very necessities of these speculators will co-operate with the demand from the bankers and importers to cause an advance in gold to a considerable premium. The following are the official tables of the trade of the port for the week and

### Since January 1:—   For the week	1861. 1,506,723 3,785,434	1862. 1,399,062 2,931,360
Total for the week . \$4,231,414 Previously reported 62,399,869	5,292,157 45,352,217	4,330,422 42,208,145
Since January 1\$66,631,283	50,654,374	46,538,567
EXPORTS OF PRODUCE AND 1860. For the week \$2,063,734	MERCHANDE 1861. 3,295,963	8E. 1862. 2.320.060

Previously reported.. 18,777,860 30,372,653 30,286,08 Since January 1...\$20,846,594 33,668,616 32,606,140 EXPORTS OF SPECIE. For the week ...... \$3,847,587 Previously reported... 3,684,050

Since January 1....\$7,531,637 2,562,346 10,550,385 The banks showed last Monday a specie average of \$32,841,802, being an increase of \$818,412 from the week previous. They have since received from the Sub-Treasury the bulk of the interest money disbursed on the 1st, and will consequently show an increase to-morrow of about three-quarters of a million, while their true reserve at present would probably foot up over thirty-four millions. How nuch of this consists of special deposits, and is not under the control of the banks, it is impossible to say. There is no likelihood of the banks selling their coin. A few of them are willing to lend it for a time, with proper security for its return: but we are inclined to think that the more prudent in stitutions will be very careful how they lend gold, as the speculation in the precious metal has been carried by some of our leading houses to prodigious lengths, and a sharp turn in the market might lead to unexpected results. The discount line last Monday stood at \$125,021,630, being a decrease of \$2,593,056 from the week previous. A further decrease is expected to-morrow, as some of the needy banks continue to sell government bonds. A bank or an individual must be very hard up indeed to sell United States sixes at their present price, with the prospects which lie before the country; but we presume that some institutions have no choice If our army in Virginia wins such victories or achieves such substantial advantages as well informed parties expect, United States sixes will ommand a much higher price than they are selling for. There are but \$68,000,000 of these sixes affoat, and it is the settled purpose of the Treasury Department not to increase the issue. It is as sumed that by the time the \$500,000,000 of new sixes come to be issued the public credit will stand on such a basis that they will float easily though they are redeemable after five years Hence the sixes of 1881 will be the only twenty year six per cent bonds of the United States in the market, and will inevitably be wanted, after the peace, by European investors, at a premium. A bank which sells them at 92% a 93, under such circumstances, may be assumed to be in embarrassed circumstances. Some heavy short sales of

these bonds were made last week by speculators.

who were not ashamed of trying to make money by damaging the credit of their country at the present crisis. It is to be hoped that their disgraceful conduct will meet its proper reward in a heavy loss on their operations.

The money market is fairly active. Call loans are quoted at 6 a 7 per cent; first class paper at 6 a 7, with a few rare exceptions, such as bankers' short acceptances, at 5; certificates of public indebtedness, with one year to\_run, 961/ a 1/4; depocent. Mr. Cisco received yesterday four millions of one thousand dollar Treasury notes of the new issue, and has begun to disburse them. He will now receive large quantities of these notes by each mail, and they will begin to enter into general circulation. It is a remarkable fact, as illustrating the national powers of absorption, that a few weeks ago no notes were so generally used in cir-culation here as the demans notes of the government, while now they are extremely rare. The country has taken the \$60,000,000 of these notes nd absorbed them. They could not be called in if it was the purpose of government to call them in. Most of them have found a home in the West, where they are treasured as the best currency ever circulated in that region, and they will be kept there until they are worn out. The fate of the be set affout in the course of the next six weeks, will be precisely similar. The country will take them joyfully. For a few weeks they will be current here; but very soon they will find their way into New England and the West and the South, and will not return. There will arise the same difficulty which has created so much comment here of late. People will begin to complain of a want of circulation. In the absence of a better surrency, out of town banks, about which no one nows anything, will again obtain a circulation for their notes, which are constantly being successfully counterfeited. Will the government at that crisis refuse to supply the popular demand for a further issue of a sound public currency? We think not. n May or June next the want of a further issue of \$100,000,000 of legal tender notes will be so generally admitted that Congress will probably yield to the pressure. The country ought to have a paper currency of \$300,000,000. This currency ought to be uniform, at par everywhere, and secured beond peradventure. In a political point of view, he establishment of such a system would be im portant. If the Southern States had had no other currency than paper issued by the United States government, and every Southerner had had some reasury notes in his pocket, there would have

Foreign exchange closed yesterday inactive. Bankers ask 1123/4 a 1/2 for their bills on London, and 5.021/4 a 5.05 for their bills on Paris. Mercantile bills sell at the usual reduction from bankers' terms. Gold fluctuated all last week between 1011/4 and 102, closing 102 bid. The course of trade leads to the belief that both gold and exchange must advance, as the importations are steadily increasing, and the means of paying for them in produce are falling off. There is no sign of any revival of shipments of Southern produce. The unscrupulous miscreants who control the insurgent armies, having nothing to lose themselves are adding to the already terrible list of their villanies by destroying the property of the defencestates that many leading planters, who have been unable to stem the torrent of treason, are now falling the first victims to this lawless brigandage of the rebel soldiery, and are being utterly ruined. Under the cloak of patriotism, a rabble of Southern banditti, worse than the vilest highwaymen of the Old World, are going about destroying and preparing to destroy cotton, to-bacco, turpentine, and other property belonging to inoffensive citizens of the South. Many weeks, are in a position to protect the propertyholders of the South against the incendiarism of these rufflans. In the meantime it is idle to look for any such receipts of Southern produce as might serve to pay for any substantial portion of our imports. t may as well be taken for granted at once that whatever we buy at present from abroad we shall have to pay for in gold. In this connection it is remarked with concern that our receipts from Cali-fornia have latterly fallen off nearly one-half, an unusual proportion of gold being sent direct from

The following table shows the course of the stock parket for the past week and month:-

mainer lor one	been			(Care	
	Mar.8.	Mar.15.	Mar. 22.	Mar.29.	Apr. 5.
U. 8. 6's, regist'd	9234	9334	9434	9336	9214
Virginias	62	61	6034	58	5634
Tennessees	6114	61	59	57	55
Missouri 6's	5334	5334	5234	5134	49%
New York Central	84	83%	8334	8334	8234
Reading	4214	4234	42%	42	42%
Erie	36	36%	38	36%	3734
Erio preferred	5934	6234	6234	60%	61%
Michigan Central	5634	5734	56%	5534	5536
Michigan South'n		24%	24	23	2274
South.guaranteed	4834	4836	4734	46	46
Illinois Central	65	66	66	6314	60%
Galena	6834	70	69	6734	6734
Rock Island	5634	5734	56%	55%	5536
Toledo		4736	46%	4534	45%
Panama		124 34		1. 11836	120
Hudson River		3614	36	35%	36%
Pacific Mail	9434	95%	96%	8732	98%

After a week of intense dulness, due in chief part to the absence of news from the army, the general railway share list, with two exceptions, leaves off better than it did at the close of the week previous. New York Central and Illinois Central are the only railway stocks which declined last week-the former being pressed for sale by operators for the fall, the latter being unfavorably flected by the decline in its traffic, owing to the continued blockade of the river. The other railway shares, those of Michigan and Illinois, and of the roads nearer home, as the Erie and Hudson River, are all a shade better than they were a week ago. In view of the remarkable efforts which were made last week by the bears to depress prices, and of the general stagnation of outside business, this result must be regarded as evidence of considerable intrinsic strength in the market. It is generally understood in the street that the share list is oversold, and that an advance of one to two per cent would create a remarkable flutter ing among the bears. A victory in Virginia would probably render Wall street livelier than it has been since the battle of Hampton Roads. Government and State stocks are lower than

they were a week ago. The former are supplied by the banks, and depressed by the offerings of bear speculators. They will probably take care of themselves as soon as the present state of suspense passes away and we begin to realize the results of the military preparations of the last six months. Border State stocks have fallen mainly because they were too high. The successes of Halleck in Missouri and Buell and Grant in Tennesse, led, some weeks ago, to a specu-lative movement in the stocks of these States, and Virginias and North Carolinas sympathized. There can be no question but the movement was premature and excessive. There is no present prespect that the interest on any of these stocks can be paid for a ong time to come. At some future period, after the war, there is every reason to believe that Mis souri will become a free State; and when the ravages of the war have been repaired her bonds will be worth as much as the bonds of Illinois. But this is yet a long way off. As to Tennessee. Virginia and North Carolina, there is no prospect whatever of any change in their institutions, and, after the experience of the last eighteen months, it would argue strange imprudence to invest money n their securities.

Everything, so far as the stock market is conerned, depends on the military developments of the next ten days. The impression prevails in Wall street that our army in Virginia will meet with no serious resistance, and that Richmond and the rest

of the State will be abandoned by the rebels without a struggle. This would be even more favorable to the stock market than a victory in the field. The recovery of Virginia and the occupation of the rebel capital would be regarded abroad as the overthrow of the rebellion, and would be the signal for large investments of foreign capital in our securities. If, on the other hand, the rebels should prefer to fight, it is believed that our superiority in numbers, weapons, artillery and morale is so vast that the issue of the contest could not be doubtful, and the victory at Donelson would subside into insignificance by the side of our triumpha in the Old Dominion. If, simultaneously with the reports of successful movements in Virginia, we should receive favorable intelligence from Corinth, Savannah or New Orleans, the effect in Wall street would be still more startling. We have evidently reached the crisis of the war; a few days now will tell the tale CITY COMM CIAL REPORT.

aspecially for common grades of State and Western. The demand was from the home trade. The sales were con-fined to about 4,000 a 5,000 bbls, closing within the fol-

URDAT, April 5-6 P. M.

domand was from the home trade. The sales were confined to about 4,000 a 5,000 bbls, closing within the following range of prices:—

Superfine State. \$5 15 a 5 22½
Extra State. \$5 25 a 6 25
Superfine Western. \$ 25 a 6 36
Canadian. \$5 30 a 5 60
Canadian. \$5 30 a 5 60
Canadian. \$5 30 a 5 60
Southern mixed to good superfine. \$6 40 a 6 00
axtra do. \$7 00 a 7 76
Rys flour. \$3 00 a 4 25
Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine. \$2 80 a 3 15
—Canadian flour was dull and heavy, while the sales embraced 400 a 500 bbls. at our quotations. Southern flour was less buoyant and sales were limited to some 450
bbls, closing within the range of the above figures. Rys flour was steady, with sales of 150 bbls. at our quotations. Corn meal was steady, with sales of 150 bbls. at our quotations. Corn meal was steady with sales of 150 bbls. at our quotations. Corn meal was steady with sales of 150 bbls. at our quotations. Corn meal was steady with sales of 150 bbls. at our quotations. Corn meal was steady with sales of 150 bbls. at our quotations. Corn meal was steady with sales of 150 bbls. at our quotations. Corn meal was steady with sales of 150 bbls. at our quotations. Corn meal was steady with sales of 200 bbls. at the above prices. Wheat was inactive, and sales confined to some 2,700 bushels red Western in store, at \$134, and \$3,000 do. Canada club on private terms. In other kinds, in the absence of sales of importance, quotations were nominal. Corn was less buoyant and active, while prices were without change. The transactions our braced about 30,000 bushels in separate lote, at 50c. a 594c. for Western mixed in store, and 61c. for do. delivered, and 59c. a 61c. for Jersey yellow, the latter figure for dry shipping quality. Rye was in good request, with sales of 7,000 bushels, part to arrive, at 77c. a 78c. on the dock and at 81c. delivered. Barley was heavy, while the sales embraced 1,500 bushels of State at 85c. a 88c., at the railroad depot. Barley mailt was sull and heavy. Oats were in moderate demand, with sales of 700 bashs, par

System inter ingine for choice quanty. Inter and cheese were unchanged was active, and prices were 56.

Sucare...—The market was active, and prices were 56.

per ib. better. The sales embraced about 2,000 hhds., including a small lot clarified Cuba at 950,, and 94 hhds.

Porto Rico at 750, a 850,; the bulk consisted of Cuba muscovado, chiefly within the range of 656, a 750, for refining goods, and at 7c. a 8c. for grocery grades, the latter figure for prime.

Albertson.—Suddenly, on the evening of Friday, April 4, Joseph C. Albertson, aged 8 months and 11 days, only child of D. T. and Caroline B. Albertson.

Boeld.—On Sunday, April 6, Freneric C. Boeld, a native of France, aged 38 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 162 Congress street, South Brooklyn, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, without further invitation.

BERGER.—On Saturday, April 6, Mary C. BERGEN, wife of W. G. Bergen.

The friends of the family, and those of her brothers, Joseph, Edward, Francis and William Lamb, and her brother-in-law, James McManus, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 359 Eighth street, this (Monday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

Carders:—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 5, William K., only sen of William and Meribah Carbart, aged 14 years, I months and 13 days.

months and 18 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 211 West Thirty-fourth street, this (Monday) afternoon, at two celock, without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Evergreen Cemetery for in-

terment.

CARINY.—At Mott Haven, on Saturday morning, April
5, Miss Annie Judeon Carley.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to
attend the funeral, from the house of her parents, on
Macomb's avenue, near the Mott Haven depot, on Tuestday morning, at eleven o'clock.

Creager.—In Brooklyn, E. D., suddenly, on Saturday,
Cheager.—The Brooklyn, in the 42d year of his age, for

April 5. JOHN CHEAM , in the 42d year of his a

April 5, John Cheamer, in the 42d year of his age, for many years a stevodore in this city. The friends and acquaintances of the family, also the members of Dorio Lodge, F. A. M., and the fraternity in general, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late-trasidence, 224 South Fourth street, this (Monday) afteration, at two clocks. Charg.—On Sunday, April 6, Grongs S., youngest son of Robert and Harriet Grane, aged 1 year and 16 months. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 25 Irving place, Hoboken, this (Monday) afternoon, at three o'clock.

No. 25 frying place, Household, April 5, Chautoffe, relict of James Dobbin, aged 80 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 36 West Thirty-seventh sirest, this (Monday) afternoon, at three o'clock, without further notice.

Dooray.—On Saturday, April 5, Mrs. Ellen Dooley, April 5, Wass.

Doolay.—On saturacy, and those of her son, Patrick aged 60 years.

The friends of the family and those of her son, Patrick Dooley, are invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, 127 Mott street.

Poyre.—On Sunday, April 6, JEREMIAN DOYLE, of Cas-

BOYES.—On Sunday, April 6, JEREMIAH DOYES, of Castie island, County Kerry, Ireiand, aged 30 years.
His friends and acquaitances are respectfully invited
to attend the funeral, on Treesday, from the rasidence of
his brother, No. 8 Hayne atreet.
FLYNN.—After a lingering tiliness, John FLYNN, in the
66th year of his age.
The friends and acquaintances of the family, and those
of his some-in-law, James Loye and John J. Blair, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late
residence, 14 Lawis atreet, this (Monday) morning, at
ten o'clock, to St. Mary's church, where a selemn requiem
mass will be celebrated for the repose of his soul, and
from thence to Eleventh street burial ground for
interment.
Fawcert.—On Saturday, April 5, Whillie Henry, Infant
son of William and Effza Fawcett, of infammation of the
lungs.

lungs.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 144 East Fortieth street, this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

GUINER.—On Saturday, April 5, at his residence, near Kingston, New Jersey, Jacob GUINER, in the 76th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon, at two

The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

Kinnan:—On Saturday, April 5, Alexander P. Kinnan, en of Sophia A. and the late A. P. W. Kinnan, in the 33d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his father-in-law, C. V. B. Ostrander, and his brother-in-law, J. S. Reyrolds, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 37 West Thirty-eighth street, this (Monday) afternoon, at two wclock, without further notice.

Lynen.—On Friday, April 4, Many Lynen, beloved wife of Edward Lynch, a native of Castle Rahon, county Cavan, Ireland, in the 42d year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 108 East Twenty-third street, this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 108 East
Twenty-third street, this (Monday) afternoon, at one
o'clock.

Lawrence.—In Brocklyn, on Friday, April 4, Mrs.
Pattence W. Lawrence, in the 74th year of her age.
She alceps in Jesus.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully
invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence,
No. 84 Johnson street, corner of Lawrence street, this
(Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock, without further
notice. The remains will be interred at New Lotts.
La Tourstre.—At Richmond Hill, Staten Island, on
Sunday, April 6, Mrs. Asan, wife of David La Tourette,
aged 68 years and 6 months.
Funeral at her late residence, on Wednesday afternoon,
at one o'clock.

Mallett.—On Saturday, April 5, of diptheria, Hanny C.,
youngest son of Henry C. and Mary A. Mallet, aged 9
months and 7 days. Also, on Sunday, April 6, of diptheria, William S., only son of Henry C. and Mary A. Mallet,
aged 3 years and 7 months.

Their remains will be taken to Miliord, Cond., for
interment.

interment.

Monanan.—On Saturday, April 5, Catharing A. Monauan, beloved wife of Edward Monahan, aged 25 years and 27 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at her late residence, No. 411 Broome street, this (Monday) afternoon, at two

Celock.
MacCutsky.—On Wednesday evening, March 26, Taomas McHon.—On Saurday, April & John McHon. son or the late Captain Francis J. McHugh, aged 2 years and 5 months. months.

The friends of the family, and of his grandfather John Mellingh, are juvited to attend the (uneral, this (Monday)

afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of his mother, 62 Bayard street.

Rawson.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, April 6, Mrs. Lynia Rawson, widow of Captain Abel Rawson, in the 90th year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, at the residence of her son-in-law, George S. Puffer, No. 130 Livingston street, on Tucsday morning, at ten o'clock.

Thomsusx.—At Etna, Westchoster country, or Safurday evening, April 6, Ann B. Thomsusx.—In the Teth year of her age, widow of James Thorburn, of this city.

The funeral service will take place from the residence of her son in-law, Thomas Barry, Etna, Westcheston of her son in-law, Thomas Barry, Etna, Westcheston of Destrick and Catharine Wolfe, aged I yoar and 3 months.

The friends and relatives of the femile are reconcilists.

months.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funcial, from the residence of his parents, No. 207 Pearl street, this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock, without further notice.

A RIICLAS FOR SOLDIERS, AT POINTS OSCUPIES by Union troops, should be sent by HARNDER'S EXPRESS, 74 Broadway, at half rates. A 7 \$4 50, DOUBLE SOLE WATER-PROOF BOOTS AT JONES', 10 and 12 Ann street. Four different styles at \$4 50 at JONES', 10 and 12 Ann street. A Steam Engines on hand at is Dey st. A 7 302 BROADWAY.—WEDDING CARDS AND NOW

PRINTS AND DOMESTIC FOR CASEL BLISS & WHEELOCK, 390 BROADWAY, offer for sale much below the market. MERRIMACK, WAMSUTTA, GOCHEGO, AMOSKETO, RICHMOND, CHICOPER, UNION and other POPULAR PHINTS.

Also, DOMESTICS and COTTONADES,

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A HIGHLY IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT—HOLMES At new pictorial Photographic Backgrounds, representing a activity of action to was consistent of the provided Backgrounds for Photographs, Ambrovippes and Daguerrocitypes were adopted, made to order, and for sale union letters patent if awarded. Spectmens exhibited and seen to artists averywhere. S. A. HOLMES, Park Gallery, 254 Broadway. A LARGE STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND HAND Steam Engines on hand at 13 Dev street. TODD & RAFFERTY.

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AUCTION SALE OF ONE THOUSAND CASES,
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geons of the city.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK,
Who is so successful in curing consumption and diseases of the lungs, publishes the following, showing the days where he will be professionally engaged in April.—On Saturday, the 5th, at his principal office, 39 North Sixth street, Philadelphia.

Monday, the 7th, at 32 Bond street, New York,
Tuesday and Wednesday, 5th and 9th, at 140 Wood street,
Pittsburg, Pa.
Thursday, the 10th, at 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.
Priday, the 11th, at 445 Eighth street, Washington City,
D. C.

D. C. urday, the 12th, at his principal office, 39 North Sixth street, Philadelphia.

Monday, the 14th, at 32 Bond street, New York.

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 15th, 16th and 17th, at the Mariboro Hotel, Boston.

Saturday, the 19th, at his principal office, 39 North Sixth street, Philadelphia.

Monday, the 21st, at 32 Bond street, New York.

Wednesday, the 23st, at 486 Eighth atreet, Washington, D. C.

Wednesday, the 23d, at 48 Eighth acces, McL.
D. C.
Thursday, the 24th, at 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.
Saturday, the 25th, at his principal office, 39 North Sixth
street, Philadelphia.
Monday, the 25th, at 32 Bond street, New York.
Dr. SOHENCK only non-sesses to cure three diseases, Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, and only has
three medicines—Schenck's Pathonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic, and Schenck's Mandrake Pills, of which he always has a full supply at a rooms. Also for sale by every
druggist in the United States.

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is and salcons. P. H. DRAKE & CO., 202 Broadway, N. K.

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LACE CURTAINS, NEW PATTERNS, AT KELLY'S, 369 Broadway.

NICEST WALKING COATS YOU EVER SAW. 30 TO \$10; Spring Overcoats, \$6 50; a very choice style, \$12; Vests, \$2; Fants, \$5-light cassimere. In fact, \$11, kinds of garments at low prices. Order work from uncut goods as usual. NEURALGIA AND RHEUMATISM CURED BY A YEW
Applications of Mrs. MACOY'S Edectic Anodyne. Sold N ECKTIES.—WHOLESALE HOUSES HAVING GOOD

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GREAT REVIVAL OF POPULAR TRADE.
The prospect of a speedy termination of the war given an IMMENSE IMPULSE TO BUSINESS, ROGERS & RAYMOND have opened the season

atock of PASHIONABLE SPRING CLOTHING, of surpassing elegance and almost infinite variety, eig. in addition to all the regular styles brought out present spring, many novel and SPECIAL PASHIONS, for gentlemen and boys. Their new and appropriate BUSINESS STYLES. for apring and summer, as well as their noveliles for THE DRIVE, THE DRAWING ROOM AND THE PROMENABLE. are as remarkable for neatness and attractiveness, as their prices are tor

ortices are for

EXTREME MODERATION.

Their motto (which they were the first to introduce) is still
ONE PRICE AND NO DEVIATION,
ROGERS & RAYMOND,
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121, 123 and 125 Fulton street, and 224 Broadway.

SCHENCK S MANDRAKE FILLS.

FOR SICKHERADACHE—118 SYMPTOMS, CAUSE
This has received its name from a constant nausea or sieky
ness at the stomach, which attends the pain in the head.
This headache is apt to begin in the morning on waking from
a deep siecp, and when some irregularity of diet has been committed on the day before, or sometimes for several days previous. At first there is a distressingly oppressive feeding in
the head, which gradually merges into a severe heavy pain
in the temples, frequently attended by a sense of fullness
and tenderness in one eye, and extending across the forehead. There is a clampy, unpleasant taste in the mouth,
and offensive breath, and the tongue covered with a yellowish
white four. The sufferer desires to be alone in a dark room.
As soon as the patient feels the fullness in the head and pain
in the temples, take a large dose of Schenck's Mandrake
Fills, and in an hour or two they will feel as well as ever.
This has been tried by thousands, and always sure to cure;
and instead of the sick headache coming on every week or
en days, they will not be troubled with it once in three
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Schenek's Mandrake Fills are composed of a number of

contil improved and perfected. No breaking need no missing sittches, no trouble in doing, any kind of we however light or heavy, in cambrie, choic or leather on tame machine. Send for a descriptive catalogue, Agerwanted, Address The Howe Seving Machines. 457 Browns, New York.